

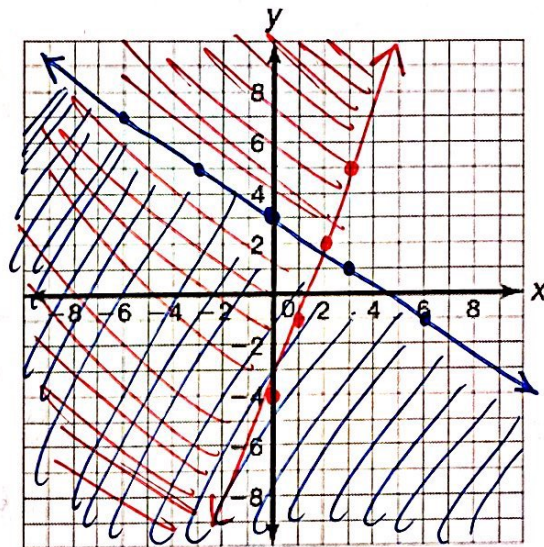
# Day 6 - Systems of Inequalities Applications - Notes

**Learning Target:** I can apply inequalities and systems of inequalities to a real world context.

**Review:** Graph the systems of inequalities:

a.

$$\begin{cases} y \leq -\frac{2}{3}x + 3 \\ y \geq 3x - 4 \end{cases}$$



Solution area →

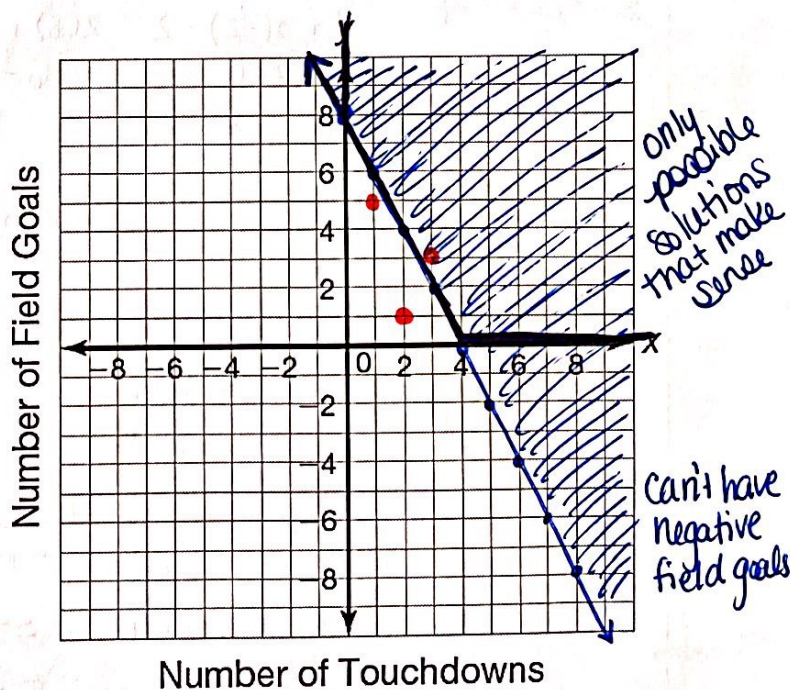
## Problem Solving with Linear Inequalities

**Example 1:** Noah plays football. His team's goal is to score at least 24 points per game. A touchdown is worth 6 points and a field goal is worth 3 points. Noah's league does not allow the teams to try for the extra point after a touchdown. The inequality  $6x + 3y \geq 24$  represents the possible ways Noah's team could score points to reach their goal.

a. Graph the inequality on the graph.

$$\begin{aligned} 6x + 3y &\geq 24 \\ 3y &\geq -6x + 24 \\ y &\geq -2x + 8 \end{aligned}$$

b. Are the following combinations solutions to the problem situation? Use your graph AND algebra to answer the following:



1. 2 touchdowns and 1 field goal

$$\begin{aligned} 6(2) + 3(1) &\geq 24 \\ 12 + 3 &\geq 24 \\ 15 &\geq 24 \end{aligned}$$

False, not a solution

2. 1 touchdown and 5 field goals

$$\begin{aligned} 6(1) + 3(5) &\geq 24 \\ 6 + 15 &\geq 24 \\ 21 &\geq 24 \end{aligned}$$

False, not a solution

3. 3 touchdowns and 3 field goals

$$\begin{aligned} 6(3) + 3(3) &\geq 24 \\ 18 + 9 &\geq 24 \\ 27 &\geq 24 \end{aligned}$$

True, solution

## Determining Solutions from Equations

<b>Linear Functions/Systems</b> Substitute your coordinate point in for all equations.	<b>Linear/System Inequalities</b> Substitute your coordinate point in for all inequalities.
If the resulting equation is <b>TRUE</b> for <b>ALL</b> equations, the coordinate point is a <b>SOLUTION</b> .	If the resulting inequality is <b>TRUE</b> for <b>ALL</b> inequalities, the coordinate point is a <b>SOLUTION</b> .
If the resulting equation is <b>FALSE</b> for <b>ANY</b> of the equations, the coordinate point is <b>NOT A SOLUTION</b> .	If the resulting inequality is <b>FALSE</b> for <b>ANY</b> of the inequalities, the coordinate point is <b>NOT A SOLUTION</b> .

**Practice:** Determine if the following points are solutions to the functions/systems.

a. $y = 3x - 1$	$x, y$ $(-2, -7)$ $-7 = 3(-2) - 1$ $-7 = -7$ <b>Solution</b>	$x, y$ $(1, 4)$ $4 = 3(1) - 1$ $4 \neq 2$ <b>Not a Solution</b>
b. $x + 3y = 2$ $2x + 3y = 7$	$(8, -2)$ $8 + 3(-2) = 2$ $2(8) + 3(-2) = 7$ $8 - 6 = 2$ $16 - 6 = 7$ $2 = 2$ $10 \neq 7$ <b>Not a Solution</b>	$(5, -1)$ $5 + 3(-1) = 2$ $2(5) + 3(-1) = 7$ $5 - 3 = 2$ $10 - 3 = 7$ $2 = 2$ $7 = 7$ <b>Solution</b>
c. $y > x + 1$	$(2, 3)$ $3 > 2 + 1$ $3 > 3$ <b>Not a Solution</b>	$(-3, 3)$ $3 > -3 + 1$ $3 > -2$ <b>Solution</b>
d. $y > 2x + 4$ $y \leq -x - 2$	$(-2, 3)$ $3 > 2(-2) + 4$ $3 \leq -(-2) - 2$ $3 > -4 + 4$ $3 \leq 2 - 2$ $3 > 0$ $3 \neq 0$ <b>Not a Solution</b>	$(-4, 0)$ $0 > 2(-4) + 4$ $0 \leq -(-4) - 2$ $0 > -8 + 4$ $0 \leq 4 - 2$ $0 > -4$ $0 \leq 2$ <b>Solution</b>

## Creating Systems of Inequalities

Write a system of inequalities to describe each scenario.

a. Jamal runs the bouncy house a festival. The bouncy house can hold a maximum of 1200 pounds at one time. He estimates that adults weight approximately 200 pounds and children under 16 weight approximately 100 pounds. For 1 four minute session of bounce time, Jamal charges adults \$3 each and children \$2 each. Jamal hopes to make at least \$18 for each session.

- Define your variables:  $x$ : # of adults  
 $y$ : # of children
- Write a system of inequalities  
Inequality 1:  $3x + 2y \geq 18$  describes Amount of \$ he needs to make  
Inequality 2:  $200x + 100y \leq 1200$  describes weight allowed in bounce house
- If 4 adults and 5 children are in 1 session, will that be a solution to the inequalities?  
 $3(4) + 2(5) \geq 18$   
 $12 + 10 \geq 18$   
 $22 \geq 18$  True  
 $200(4) + 100(5) \leq 1200$   
 $800 + 500 \leq 1200$   
 $1300 \leq 1200$  False  
*This combo goes over the weight limit*
- If 2 adults and 7 children are in 1 session, will that be a solution to the inequalities?  
 $3(2) + 2(7) \geq 18$   
 $6 + 14 \geq 18$   
 $20 \geq 18$  True  
 $200(2) + 100(7) \leq 1200$   
 $400 + 700 \leq 1200$   
 $1100 \leq 1200$  True  
*This combo makes at least \$18 and stays under 1200.*

b. Charles works at a movie theater selling tickets. The theater has 300 seats and charges \$7.50 for adults and \$5.50 for children. The theater expects to make at least \$1500 for each showing.

- Define your variables:  $x$ : # of adults  
 $y$ : # of children
- Write a system of inequalities  
Inequality 1:  $x + y \leq 300$  describes Seat allowance  
Inequality 2:  $7.50x + 5.50y \geq 1500$  describes Amount of \$ they wish to make
- If 150 adults and 180 children attend, will that be a solution to the inequalities?  
 $150 + 180 \leq 300$   
 $330 \leq 300$   
 False  
 $7.50(150) + 5.50(180) \geq 1500$   
 $1125 + 990 \geq 1500$   
 $2115 \geq 1500$  True  
*This combo makes at least \$1500, but goes over that capacity.*
- If 175 adults and 105 children attend, will that be a solution to the inequalities?  
 $175 + 105 \leq 300$   
 $280 \leq 300$   
 True  
 $7.50(175) + 5.50(105) \geq 1500$   
 $1312.50 + 577.50 \geq 1500$   
 $1890 \geq 1500$   
*This combo makes at least \$1500 and stays under the 300 seat limit.*