

Day 6 – Sine and Cosine Identities – Practice

1. Which of the following is equal to $\cos 35^\circ$?

- A) $\sin 35^\circ$ B) $\cos 55^\circ$ **C) $\sin 55^\circ$** D) $\cos 145^\circ$

2. Which of the following is equal to $\sin 8^\circ$?

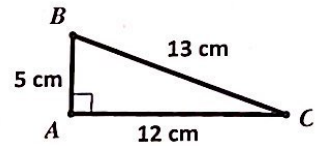
- A) $\sin 82^\circ$ B) $\cos 8^\circ$ **C) $\cos 82^\circ$** D) $\sin 98^\circ$

3. Which of the following statements is false?

- A) $\sin 45^\circ = \cos 45^\circ$ **B) $\sin 30^\circ = \cos 30^\circ$** C) $\cos 10^\circ = \sin 80^\circ$ D) $\sin 0^\circ = \cos 90^\circ$

4. Given the ratio $\frac{12}{13}$, which of the following is NOT equal to this value?

- A) $\sin \angle B$ B) $\cos \angle C$ C) $\frac{AC}{BC}$ **D) $\sin \angle C$**



5. If $\cos \theta = \sin \beta$ then which of the following must be true?

- A) $\theta + \beta = 180^\circ$ B) $\theta - \beta = 90^\circ$ **C) $\beta = 90^\circ - \theta$** D) $\beta - \theta = 90^\circ$

6. Solve the following.

- a) $\sin 27^\circ = \cos \underline{63^\circ}$ b) $\cos 55^\circ = \sin \underline{35^\circ}$ c) $\sin 17.8^\circ = \cos \underline{72.2^\circ}$
 d) $\cos 90^\circ = \sin \underline{0^\circ}$ e) $\cos 45^\circ = \sin \underline{45^\circ}$ f) $\sin 62\frac{2}{3}^\circ = \cos \underline{27\frac{1}{3}^\circ}$

7. Solve for the unknown.

a) $\sin (2x + 1^\circ) = \cos (22^\circ)$

$$2x + 1 = 90 - 22$$

$$2x + 1 = 68$$

$$2x = 67$$

$$\boxed{x = 33.5}$$

b) $\sin (5x + 15^\circ) = \cos (4x - 6^\circ)$

$$5x + 15 = 90 - (4x - 6)$$

$$5x + 15 = 90 - 4x + 6$$

$$5x + 15 = 96 - 4x$$

$$9x = 81$$

$$\boxed{x = 9}$$

c) $\sin (2x) = \cos (x)$

$$2x = 90 - x$$

$$3x = 90$$

$$x = 30$$

d) $\sin \left(\frac{1}{2}x\right) = \cos \left(\frac{5}{2}x + 12\right)$

$$\frac{1}{2}x = 90 - \left(\frac{5}{2}x + 12\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x = 90 - \frac{5}{2}x - 12$$

$$3x = 78$$

$$x = 26$$

e) $\sin (7x + 15^\circ) = \cos (3x + 40^\circ)$

$$7x + 15 = 90 - (3x + 40)$$

$$7x + 15 = 90 - 3x - 40$$

$$7x + 15 = 50 - 3x$$

$$10x = 35$$

$$x = 3.5$$

f) $\sin \left(\frac{1}{3}x + 2\right) = \cos (53^\circ)$

$$\frac{1}{3}x + 2 = 90 - 53$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x + 2 = 37$$

$$3 \cdot \frac{1}{3}x = 35 - 3$$

$$x = 105$$

8. If $\sin 47^\circ = .73$, what is the cosine of 43° ? .73

9. If $\cos 82^\circ = .14$, what is the sine of 8° ? .14

10. Find the value of θ for which $\sin \theta = \cos 22^\circ$. 68°

11. Find the value of θ for which $\cos \theta = \sin 41^\circ$. 49°

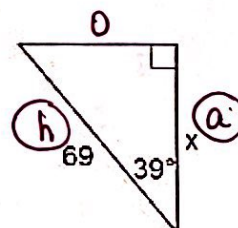
12. Explain WHY $\sin 20^\circ = 0.342$ and the $\cos 70^\circ = 0.342$.

The $\sin x = \cos (90-x)$ so $\sin 20^\circ = \cos 70^\circ$ ($20+70=90$)

In the following problems, using the angle that is given, MARK each given side as A (adjacent), O (opposite), or H (hypotenuse). Then TELL which TRIG RATIO you have. You will NOT be solving the problem for x (we haven't learned how YET).

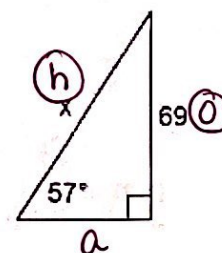
1. Which trig ratio is represented?

- A. SIN
- B. COS
- C. TAN



2. Which trig ratio is represented?

- D. SIN
- E. COS
- F. TAN



3. Which trig ratio is represented?

- G. SIN
- H. COS
- I. TAN

